

REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2002
GRAMMAR II

I. Choose the best answer to each question.

1. Which pronoun is in the genitive case?
a. cuius b. quis c. cui d. quae
2. Which of the following are ordinal numbers?
a. tertius and octavus b. quartus and octo c. decem and unus
d. septimus and duo
3. Which pronoun can introduce a relative clause?
a. quem b. istius c. quid d. eius
4. Which of the following is the present passive infinitive of porto?
a. portare b. portavi c. portari d. portatum esse
5. Which of the following is an intensive pronoun?
a. ipse b. se c. is d. ille
6. Which of the following is a present active participle?
a. recens b. portans c. potens d. diligens
7. Which pronoun is used to ask a question?
a. quam b. ipse c. hic d. quis
8. Which of the following is a present subjunctive?
a. scribit b. scripsit c. scribet d. scribat
9. Which of the following would use a complementary infinitive when translated into Latin?
a. The general ordered them to go home.
b. Cornelia and Julia went to see the show.
c. It is rewarding to do your duty.
d. You ought to pay closer attention.
10. Which of the following is passive?
a. poteris b. acciperis c. feceris d. manseris
11. Which sentence contains an ablative of agent?
a. Ab Sicilia nave portatus erat. b. Amico litteras mandabit.
c. Ab milite gladio vulnerati sunt. d. Captivos ab hostibus liberabunt.

12. What type of ablative is illustrated in this sentence: "Omni Galliā Romanos prohibuit"?
- a. means b. manner c. specification d. separation
13. Which of the following illustrates a purpose clause?
- a. Ut primus sic ceteri gladios tradiderunt.
b. Legati missi sunt qui victoriam nuntiarent.
c. Pompeius excessit ut copias Caesaris vidit.
d. Laudemus discipulos et eis praemia demus.

II. Choose the answer which best fills in the blank or translates the underlined words.

14. The normal ablative singular is short in the _____ declension.
a. second b. third c. fourth d. fifth
15. Students, _____ aquam sordidam.
a. non bibere b. noli bibere c. ne bibere d. nolite bibere
16. Hi fratres similes _____ sunt.
a. patrum b. patribus c. patre d. patri
17. Murus tuus longior _____ meus est.
a. quid b. quam c. quia d. quem
18. Within a short time you will finish this test.
a. tempore brevi b. cum tempore brevi c. tempore breve d. in tempore breve
19. Cornelius and Cornelia loved their mother deeply.
a. earum b. suos c. suam d. eius
20. I've given money to this woman, that sailor, those soldiers, and these slaves.
a. haec / isti / hos / illos b. huic / isti / illis / his
c. isti / huic / illis / his d. isti / huic / hos / illos
21. Six of the students were prepared for the lesson.
a. discipuli b. ab discipulis c. ex discipulis d. discipulorum
22. Aetna est mons _____ in insulā Siciliā.
a. altissimus b. altiozem c. altius d. altissima
23. The Via Appia stretched for many miles from Rome to Brundisium.
a. nam multa milia b. multa milia passūs c. multa milia passuum
d. pro multis milibus

24. This horse ran much faster than that one.
a. multus b. multum c. multo d. multi
25. I thought I had already done it.
a. ut id iam fecissem. b. id iam feceram. c. me id iam fecisse.
d. ut ego iam feci.
26. Hic carrus melior _____ est.
a. illo b. ille c. illum d. illi
27. Tela video _____ milites portabunt.
a. qui b. quod c. quam d. quae
28. The boys did not think that the horses would run very fast.
a. ut equi currant b. equi current c. equos cursuros esse d. equos currere
29. Neither boy's books have been found.
a. neuter b. neutrius c. neutro d. neutri
30. Two thousand citizens were captured by the enemy.
a. Duo milia cives ab hostibus capti sunt.
b. Duo milia civium ab hostibus capti sunt.
c. Duo milia cives ab hostibus capta sunt.
d. Duo milia civium ab hostibus capta sunt.
31. Pugnemus et vincemus.
a. We are fighting and winning. b. Let us fight and we shall win.
c. We fight and we win. d. Let us fight and let us win.
32. Urbs _____ praemium dedit.
a. ei b. eo c. eae d. eam
33. Quam celerrime cucurrit.
a. How swiftly b. How very swiftly c. As swiftly as possible
d. As swift as ever
34. The princess was more beautiful than he had imagined.
a. pulchriora b. magis pulchra c. pulcherrima d. pulchrior
35. She entrusted the queen with a lot of money.
a. pecuniis b. pecuniam c. pecuniae d. pecuniarum
36. Scimus Romanos Gallos _____ superare.
a. virtute b. virtus c. virtutis d. virtutum

III. Choose the word which does NOT belong grammatically.

37. a. dormio b. recipio c. audio d. munio
38. a. omni b. boni c. alti d. feri
39. a. posueram b. potuisti c. possunt d. poterunt
40. a. res b. dies c. spes d. luces
41. a. manum b. fratrum c. pacum d. ducum
42. a. haberemus b. moneremus c. timeremus d. vulneremus
43. a. alius b. tutus c. solus d. nullus
44. a. fuerint b. fueris c. fuero d. fueritis
45. a. civis b. navis c. hostis d. canis

IV. Questions 46-50 refer to the following passage.

Iuppiter et Mercurius per Phrygiam, quae in Asiā est, iter fecerunt, sed nemo in totā illā gente eos cognovit. Omnes eos esse homines humiles iudicaverunt. Ad mille casas accesserunt; nam locum somno aptum petiverunt. Sed omnes, his visis, casas celeriter clausurunt. In totā regione acriter repulsi sunt. Tamen una casa, parva et humilis, eos non reppulit. Ibi Baucis et Philemon multos annos egerant. Condicione humili non affecti, paupertatem leviter ac fortiter sustinuerunt. Duo tota domus fuerunt et domini et servi ipsi; nam nullos servos habuerunt.

46. The words illā gente in line 2 refer to
a. Phrygiam (line 1). b. Asiā (line 1). c. homines (line 2). d. locum (line 3).
47. In line 4, his visis is an ablative absolute referring to
a. Iuppiter et Mercurius (line 1). b. omnes (line 2). c. omnes (line 3).
d. Baucis et Philemon (line 5).
48. In line 6, affecti is referring to
a. Iuppiter et Mercurius (line 1). b. mille casas (line 3).
c. omnes (line 3). d. Baucis et Philemon (line 4).
49. In line 7, ipsi agrees with all of the following **EXCEPT**
a. duo (line 7). b. domus (line 7). c. domini (line 7). d. servi (line 7).

50. All of the following statements on the grammar of the passage are true **EXCEPT**
- a. there are four third-declension adverbs in the story.
 - b. only one number in this passage can be declined.
 - c. all participles are perfect passive in form.
 - d. only three verbs are **NOT** in the perfect tense.

