

REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2002
MOTTOES, ABBREVIATIONS, AND QUOTATIONS

I. Abbreviations

1. When should a medicine marked h.s. be taken?
a. in the morning b. at bedtime c. twice a day d. after lunch
2. What does s.p. on a grave marker indicate about the person who has died?
a. he had no children b. he was a senator c. he was the father of six children
d. he never married
3. Which of the following is **NOT** a translation for the phrase abbreviated A.M.?
a. before midday b. in the year of the world c. in the left hand
d. before death
4. What is the meaning of q. in q.a.m. and q.h.?
a. each b. four c. every d. as much
5. ̄
a. without b. around c. near d. with
6. Which of these chemical elements does **NOT** have a Latin abbreviation as its symbol?
a. gold b. tin c. oxygen d. silver
7. The abbreviation v.a. would most likely be found
a. in a legal brief. b. on a coin. c. in a prescription. d. on a tombstone.
8. The abbreviation L.Q. is most suitable for use
a. on a painting. b. at a sporting event. c. on a bookmark. d. in a school motto.
9. c.n.s.
a. without prejudice b. to be taken tomorrow night c. layer upon layer
d. do not repeat
10. What type of participle is found in the abbreviation Q.E.D.?
a. future passive b. future active c. present active d. perfect passive

II. Mottoes

11. Non sibi sed suis
a. Tulane b. Loyola c. Fordham d. Furman

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12. What city has as its motto "Iustitia omnibus"?
a. Philadelphia b. Washington, D.C. c. New York d. Boston
13. Dirigo
a. Michigan b. Maine c. Massachusetts d. Maryland
14. Ecce quam bonum
a. University of Tennessee b. University of Kentucky
c. University of Georgia d. University of the South
15. Esto perpetua
a. Iowa b. Illinois c. Indiana d. Idaho
16. Which of these states has the longest motto?
a. West Virginia b. Missouri c. Connecticut d. Kansas
17. Dominus illuminatio mea
a. Oxford b. Cambridge c. Queen's College d. University of Aberdeen
18. What is the motto of Emory University?
a. Studiis et rebus honestis b. Vox clamantis in deserto
c. Cor prudentis possidebit scientiam d. Disciplina praesidium civitatis
19. Which of the following is NOT the motto of a Florida university?
a. Civium in moribus rei publicae salus b. Pro Deo et Veritate
c. Vires, Artes, Mores d. Artes, Scientia, Veritas
20. Which school of philosophy has as its motto "Dum vivimus, vivamus"?
a. Stoicism b. Cynicism c. Epicureanism d. Orphism
21. Which of the following does NOT have a motto containing the word "lex"?
a. University of North Dakota b. University of Washington
c. University of New Mexico d. Columbia University
22. Velut arbor aevo
a. University of Oregon b. University of North Carolina
c. Trinity College d. University of Toronto
23. Which military academy has as its motto, "Ex scientia, tridens"?
a. Navy b. Air Force c. Marines d. Army
24. What Biblical phrase is the motto of the University of California at Berkeley?
a. Fiat lux b. In principio c. Deo et patriae d. Eureka

25. What is the motto of British Columbia?
a. Splendor sine occasu b. A mari usque ad mare
c. Multis e gentibus vires d. Spem reduxit

III. Phrases

26. corpus delicti
a. the body of the crime b. you may have the body c. the body of the law
d. of sound body
27. sub rosa
a. in the garden b. with a flower c. secretly d. openly
28. Which of the following is **NOT** associated with legal matters?
a. ad litem b. ad hominem c. ad gustum d. ad rem
29. nosce te ipsum
a. know thyself b. to thy ownself be true c. the master of thy fate
d. justly
30. a fortiori
a. by the bravest man b. inside the fortifications c. leaving the camp
d. from a stronger position
31. pari passu
a. compare b. at an equal pace c. in the middle of things
d. make haste slowly
32. in vitro
a. in place b. in glass c. in life d. in liquid
33. arcanum arcanorum
a. the best argument b. the ultimate secret c. the highest part of the city
d. the best judge of elegance
34. Plures crapula quam gladiis
a. Avoid the arena. b. More die by partying than by the sword.
c. Gamble rather than fight. d. Forewarned is forearmed.
35. The words "Telum imbelles sine ictu" are used to describe
a. a feeble argument. b. a worthier life. c. poor preparation.
d. a false truth.

36. Sine pennis volare haud facile est.
a. Haste makes waste. b. Practice makes perfect. c. Be prepared.
d. People in glass houses shouldn't throw stones.
37. Non ex omni ligno debet Mercurius exculpi.
a. One's man meat is another man's poison.
b. A new broom sweeps clean.
c. A stitch in time saves nine.
d. You can't make a silk purse out of a sow's ear.
38. fides Punica
a. cooperation b. best friend c. legal case d. treachery
39. Ubi solitudinem faciunt, _____ appellant.
a. officium b. pacem c. rationem d. vires
40. Quis tulerit Gracchos de seditione querentes?
a. Big oaks from little acorns grow. b. Let sleeping dogs lie.
c. The pot calls the kettle black. d. The early bird catches the worm.

IV. Quotations

41. Cogito, ergo sum.
a. Erasmus b. Jerome c. Thomas Aquinas d. Descartes
42. Cedant arma togae.
a. Caesar b. Sallust c. Augustus d. Cicero
43. Festina lente.
a. Augustus b. Tiberius c. Claudius d. Vespasian
44. In perpetuum, frater, ave atque vale.
a. Vergil b. Catullus c. Tibullus d. Horace
45. Fortes fortuna adiuvat.
a. Terence b. Horace c. Livy d. Vergil
46. Abiit, excessit, evasit, erupit.
a. Pliny b. Cicero c. Plautus d. Propertius
47. Integer vitae, scelerisque purus
a. Catullus b. Tibullus c. Juvenal d. Horace

48. Ars est celare artem.
a. Cicero b. Horace c. Ovid d. Vergil
49. Lasciva est nobis pagina, vita proba est.
a. Juvenal b. Lucan c. Martial d. Seneca
50. Coelum non animum mutant qui trans mare currunt.
a. Horace b. Ovid c. Seneca d. Pliny