

REGIONAL LATIN FORUM 2004
GRAMMAR I

I. Choose the response which best answers the question or completes the statement.

1. What is another name for the second principal part?
a. present active infinitive b. singular imperative c. first person singular
d. future passive infinitive
2. The preposition in means "into" when it governs the
a. genitive. b. dative. c. accusative. d. ablative.
3. Which principal part is used to form the perfect active tense?
a. first b. second c. third d. fourth
4. Which cases are always the same in the plural?
a. nominative and accusative b. dative and ablative
c. genitive and dative d. accusative and ablative
5. Which of the following is **NOT** a cardinal number?
a. sextus b. tres c. decem d. unus
6. Which is **NOT** a perfect tense personal ending?
a. -i b. -imus c. -erunt d. -itis
7. Which of the following is **NOT** vocative?
a. agricola b. amicus c. puer d. mater
8. Identify the type of ablative illustrated in this sentence: He finished the test with great speed.
a. manner b. accompaniment c. agent d. means
9. Identify the tense of mittetis.
a. present b. perfect c. future d. future perfect
10. The adjective gravi agrees with all of the following **EXCEPT**
a. gladio. b. homini. c. vulnere. d. liberi.

II. Choose the word which does NOT belong grammatically.

11. a. via b. poeta c. vita d. porta
12. a. scribit b. vocabit c. movebit d. timebit
13. a. equites b. magistri c. hora d. puellae

14. a. superat b. vulnerat c. imperat d. fuerat
15. a. servi b. carri c. gladi d. captivi
16. a. vides b. pones c. sedes d. tenes
17. a. equum b. virum c. librum d. pedum
18. a. servus b. hortus c. onus d. ramus
19. a. castra b. animo c. paci d. provinciae
20. a. ignis b. navis c. panis d. curis
21. a. milite b. lege c. mare d. consule

III. Choose the answer which best translates the underlined word(s) or correctly fills in the blank.

22. I like the girl because she is good.
a. bona b. bonam c. bonae d. bonas
23. Are you my mother?
a. Esne b. Fuistine c. Eratisne d. Eritisne
24. Quinque et quattuor sunt _____.
a. sex b. decem c. novem d. novus
25. We gave the boys money.
a. pueros b. pueri c. pueris d. puero
26. Patres _____ ad Italiam, puellae, mox navigabunt.
a. vestri b. tuae c. vestrae d. tui
27. Puellae _____ nautas in insulā vident.
a. multas b. multos c. multi d. multis
28. He reported the approach of the enemy with a signal.
a. cum signo b. signa c. signo d. a signis
29. The boys' books were lost.
a. pueri b. pueris c. puero d. puerorum

30. Aqua erat under the bridge.
a. sub pontem b. in pontem c. in ponte d. sub ponte
31. Ascendere _____ arbores amamus.
a. magna b. magnas c. magnos d. magnae
32. She did see the house, didn't she?
a. Num casam vidit? b. Nonne casam videt? c. Num casam videt?
d. Nonne casam vidit?
33. Ad _____ ambulabam.
a. senatorem b. senatoris c. senator d. senatorum
34. The slaves worked _____ to finish the statue.
a. celeritate b. magnā cum celeritate c. magnam celeritatem d. celeritati
35. Augustus _____ est.
a. principes b. principum c. principem d. princeps
36. I ought to read Latin every day.
a. lego b. legam c. legere d. legi
37. My mother was complimented by my friends.
a. amicis meis b. ab amicis meis c. per amicos meos d. ad amicos meos
38. The towns were captured by the Romans.
a. capta sunt b. capient c. capti erant d. capiebant.
39. _____, Marce, viros in proelium.
a. duce b. duc c. dux d. duceris
40. The general entrusted his daughters with a lot of money.
a. filiis b. filias c. filiae d. filiabus
41. They didn't wage war against the Romans, did they?
a. Nonne in Romanos bellum gesserunt?
b. Num in Romanis bellum gerebant?
c. Nonne in Romanis bellum gerebant?
d. Num in Romanos bellum gesserunt?
42. Miles _____ tempus modo habet.
a. brevis b. breve c. brevem d. breves

43. Rex _____ vulneratus est.
a. milite b. militem c. a milite d. militi
44. Camp is being pitched by the soldiers.
a. ponitur b. ponunt c. posita est d. ponuntur
45. Was Julia your mother's sister?
a. matris tuae soror b. mater tua sororis c. matris tuam sororem
d. matrum tua soror

IV. Questions 46-50 refer to the following story.

Homerus, poeta antiquus, de bello inter viros Graeciae Troiaeque in suo magno opere scripsit. Post multos annos longos Troia ab Graecis capta erat.

Graeci ab illo loco navigabant. Apud eos erat Ulixes, homo audax, sed brevi tempore navis eius tempestate ad aliam partem maris portata est. Ex navi
5 ad terram cum sociis suis Ulixes contendit.

Non longe ab illo loco ubi stabant corpus magnum Polyphemi, Cyclopi, mox viderunt. Ille in colle habitabat. Graeci iniuriam timebant.

Polyphemus eos a mari celeribus pedibus duxit. Viri cibum exspectabant, sed Cyclops pro cibo suo unum hominem, tum alterum, et alium cepit.

10 Alii pro sociis suis dolebant. Illine ab Polyphemo fugere poterunt?

46. Identify the usage of poeta in line 1.
a. appositive b. vocative c. subject d. agent
47. Identify the case and number of Graeciae Troiaeque in line 1.
a. nominative plural b. genitive singular c. dative singular
d. dative plural
48. Identify the ablative illustrated by tempestate in line 4.
a. manner b. place where c. place from which d. means
49. The subject of portata est in line 4 is
a. tempore (line 4). b. navis (line 4). c. maris (line 4). d. Ulixes (line 5).
50. According to the story, which of the following statements is **NOT** true?
a. Homer wrote about a war.
b. Ulysses disembarked from the ship with his men.
c. Polyphemus gave food to the stranded sailors.
d. Ulysses and his men grieved for their lost comrades.