

FJCL State Latin Forum 2005
Mottoes, Abbreviations and Quotations

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I. Abbreviations:

1. in the same place
a. ibid. b. id. c. prid. d. pro tem.
2. in the year of the city's founding
a. A.C. b. A.M.D.G. c. A.H. d. A.U.C.
3. without offspring(issue)
a. s.d. b. s.p. c. s.s. d. s.v.
4. on the reverse side of the page
a. q.v. b. f.v. c. v.a. d. p.p.
5. drop by drop
a. c.v. b. eiusd. c. c.n. d. guttat.
6. with no fever
a. abs. re b. ad sat. c. abs. feb. d. ad eund.
7. namely
a. viz. b. v.l. c. v.i. d. ves.
8. sqq.
a. the following things b. in order c. it does not follow d. next month
9. pinx.
a. at the peak b. administered by c. he flourished d. he painted
10. b.i.d.
a. take as prescribed b. drops c. take twice a day d. take thrice a day

II. Mottoes:

11. Imperium in imperio
a. Alabama b. California c. Ohio d. Oregon
12. Iustitia omnibus
a. Boston b. District of Columbia c. London d. Paris
13. Pro ecclesia et patria
a. Benedictine Order b. Catholic University of America
c. Order of St. Michael d. Trinity College
14. Crescit eundo
a. New Mexico b. Montana c. South Carolina d. Maine

15. In lumine tuo videbimus lumen
a. Columbia b. Dartmouth c. Brown d. Princeton
16. Fiat lux
a. Southern Florida b. Rollins c. Florida State d. University of Florida
17. Citius, altius, fortius
a. modern Olympics b. Alabama c. Boston college
d. Metro Goldwyn Meyer
18. Nec pluribus impar
a. Elizabeth II b. Louis XIV c. Henry VIII d. Pope Pius XII
19. Urbs in horto
a. Philadelphia b. Charleston c. Chicago d. Memphis
20. Which state has a Greek motto instead of a Latin one?
a. New York b. Arizona c. California d. Maine
21. Respice, adspice, prospice
a. Colorado b. University of Miami c. American Historical Association
d. City College of New York
22. Veritas vos liberabit
a. St. John's University b. Johns Hopkins c. Puerto Rico d. Madrid
23. Animis opibusque parati
a. Connecticut b. Maryland c. West Virginia d. South Carolina
24. Studiis et rebus honestis
a. University of Nebraska b. Duke University c. University of Vermont
d. Brooklyn College
25. Veritas
a. Harvard b. Southern Methodist University
c. University of Washington d. Yale University
26. Virtute et armis
a. Maryland b. New York c. Mississippi d. Illinois

III. Latin Phrases:

27. De _____ nil nisi bonum
a. matre b. cruce c. patria d. mortuis
28. Dux _____ facti
a. dea b. femina c. puer d. Romanus

29. Hannibal ad _____
a. castra b. flumen c. portas d. montes
30. ad hominem
a. an appeal to common sense b. an appeal to force
c. an appeal to ignorance d. an appeal to prejudice
31. in situ
a. entirely b. in the place of the parent
c. in its original place d. potentially
32. sic transit gloria _____
a. libertatis b. mundi c. auctoritatis d. dei
33. _____ et decorum est pro patria mori
a. Dulce b. Facilis c. Bonum d. Malum
34. qualis pater, talis _____
a. filius b. lex c. civitas d. amicus
35. aurea _____
a. fides b. mediocritas c. dies d. gratia
36. Which phrase has no reference to theatre or performing arts?
a. dramatis personae b. deus ex machina
c. exeunt omnes d. absente reo
37. What term would a Roman use to refer to a very distant place?
a. ultima Thule b. multum in parvo c. genius loci d. terra incognita
38. If a Roman wanted something done perfectly he might use which phrase?
a. ab imo pectore b. ad verbum c. a capite ad calcem d. ad unguem
39. Which phrase describes a student who graduates with honors and earns a sports scholarship?
a. fiat pilula b. mens sana in corpore sano
c. hinc illae lacrimae d. poeta nascitur, non fit
40. Which phrase describes a friend who eats all the foods you dislike?
a. in flagrante delicto b. de gustibus non est disputandum
c. quae nocent, docent d. panem et circenses

IV. Quotations:

41. Secrete amicos admone; lauda palam.
a. Caligula b. Vespasian c. Plautus d. Publilius Syrus
42. Integer vitae scelerisque purus.
a. Horace b. Ennius c. Quintilian d. Sallust

43. O tempora! O mores!
a. St. Augustine b. Cicero c. Livy d. Marcus Aurelius
44. Rara avis.
a. Horace b. Propertius c. Tibullus d. Vergil
45. Cum grano salis.
a. Lucilius b. Martial c. Plautus d. Pliny
46. Possunt, quia posse videntur.
a. Ovid b. Cicero c. Vergil d. Lucretius
47. Fortuna est caeca.
a. Ovid b. Cicero c. Horace d. Vergil
48. Maximum remedium irae est mora.
a. Seneca b. Publilius Syrus c. Petronius d. Lucretius
49. Non amo te, Sabidi, nec possum dicere quare.....
a. Pliny b. Martial c. Terence d. Plautus
50. atque in perpetuum, frater, ave atque vale.
a. Catullus b. Propertius c. Juvenal d. Cicero